

HEALTHY CONTRACT CHECKLIST

Note: this document should be read in conjunction with our article, 'The Golden Rules for Good Contracts' and is intended as a guide only. This does not constitute legal advice. The issues and questions set out are of a general nature and may not reflect your specific circumstances. There may be additional and important issues that should be covered by an agreement in your specific circumstances, depending on the nature of the arrangement you wish to enter into and the circumstances of the contracting parties. If you or your organisation has a legal problem you should obtain professional advice from a legal practitioner.

For a complimentary discussion about this checklist and your responses, please email this completed checklist to info@mpslaw.com.au.

Your name:	

Your role:

Corporation:

Date: _____

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Forming and signing the agreement		
Are all relevant parties listed as a party to the agreement?	□ Yes	□ No
Is any party to the contract a member of a group of companies entering on behalf of that group of companies?	□ Yes	□ No
If yes, consider rights of third party to enforce. Risks are involved if the third party's rights are not expressly limited; consider limiting contractual rights which third parties can enforce.		
Terms generally		
Are all terms with technical or special meaning defined?	□ Yes	□ No
Are there any terms or phrases that carry both a plain ordinary meaning and a special technical / scientific meaning that require clarification as to which applies?	□ Yes	□ No
Does the agreement have 'rules' for interpretation that identify what it means for interpretation when words such as "including" are used to clarify meaning?	□ Yes	🗆 No
	□ Yes	□ No
Is there potential for any ambiguity in the meaning of particular words or phrases within a clause?		
If so, consider which contracting party is most likely to benefit from uncertainty in how the clause is constructed.		
If there is ambiguity, consider whether meaning or context may be given by recitals to the contract.		
If there are words, phrases or requirements that will or may take meaning from external documents (government policy, regulations, guidelines, legislation), does the agreement confirm if references to those documents are fixed (to the version as at the date of the agreement)?	□ Yes	🗆 No
Generally, the agreement is interpreted as at the date it was made and words are given the meaning at that date.		
Relationship between the parties (services)		
Does the agreement specify that it is the intention of the parties that no employment relationship exists?	□ Yes	🗆 No
Note: although a contract may expressly exclude an employment relationship, the substance of the relationship between the parties must be considered. Seek professional advice if you are unsure.		

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Exclusivity, restraint of trade, non-compete			
Does the agreement contain restrictions to prevent a party from working for rivals, poaching clients or engaging in a competing business?	□ Yes	🗆 No	
If yes, is the clause reasonable and proportionate to what is necessary to protect legitimate business interests?	□ Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A
For example, a restraint of trade clause may be unenforceable if the restrained area covers all of Australia or the period of restraint is excessively long.			
Assignment and sub-contracting			
Does the agreement specify if the parties can assign rights and obligations under the contract or subcontract its obligations to others?	□ Yes	🗆 No	
If subcontractors are permitted, consider requirements relating to providing the services in a culturally sensitive manner.			
Payment			
Payment If payments will be made under the agreement, does the agreement specify if interest is payable for late payments or disputes about payments?	□ Yes	□ No	
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Renewal Does the contract contain arrangements for automatic renewal? If yes, confirm if notice is provided prior to renewal. Consider how termination will be handled for the renewal.	□ Yes	□ No	
Cancellation (services) Are there conditions in the contract which allows the providing party to suspend or cancel a service? If yes, is the ability to suspend / cancel conditional on something happening (breach by other party, supervening event etc.)? If yes, are those triggering conditions reasonable? Does the triggering condition impact on the substance of what was agreed?	YesYesYes	□ No □ No □ No	□ N/A □ N/A
Time Is time of the essence? Does performance and/or payment need to be completed as a matter of priority? If time is essential, does the agreement clarify the consequences of a failure to comply with an agreed timeframe?	□ Yes □ Yes	□ No □ No	□ N/A
Delivery (goods) If the timeframe for receiving the goods is essential, does the agreement specify that time is of the essence for delivery and the purchaser can recover loss suffered as a result? <i>Remember: non-delivery within a specified timeframe is a real risk; if damages are available for non-delivery, ensure that</i> <i>the quantum is capped.</i>	□ Yes	□ No	
Force majeure Does the agreement indicate who is liable / who will bear the loss if a contract cannot be performed due to an unforeseeable event beyond the reasonable control of a party? Things to consider: Australian Consumer Law protects consumers and small business from unfair contract terms.	□ Yes	🗆 No	



Indemnity and liability			
Does the agreement include a clause to prevent the amount of liability a party has?		🗆 No	
Are there any monetary limits in the agreement that restrict the amount of damages or liability a party has?		🗆 No	
Is there a requirement for the party engaged (the contractor) to effect and maintain insurance?		🗆 No	
Are there any terms which purport to create obligations jointly and severally? Or which refer to 'parties' or a group of persons collectively and in doing so, extend rights and obligations to those parties?		🗆 No	
If yes, to be enforceable the rights and obligations imposed must be consistent with liability of those parties under operative clauses of the agreement.			
Warranties			
Does the agreement include clauses that confirm or disclaim warranties?		🗆 No	
If warranties are excluded, consider the risks / benefits of broad exclusion of all warranties. If the agreement is a consumer contract, remember that warranties under the Australian Consumer Law cannot be removed by contract.			
Does the contract provide that there are no third party intellectual property rights in breach?		🗆 No	
This is necessary to prevent third-party claimants from claiming infringement.			
Insurance			
If insurance is required by either or both parties:			
• Does the agreement specify which insurances are required and require that the other party must notify of any cancellations or non-renewal of any relevant insurance policies?	□ Yes	🗆 No	
• Does the agreement confirm whether each party bears their own costs or that costs are to be shared?	□ Yes	🗆 No	
• If the agreement permits the use of subcontractors, will the requirements for insurance extend to subcontractors?	🗆 Yes	🗆 No	□ N/A



Confidentiality		
Does the agreement include a clause that requires confidential information to be protected and not divulged?		🗆 No
When drafting confidentiality clauses consider defining the term widely to include a large array of information, rather than being too narrow.		
Agreement to other party's policies		
If the agreement requires compliance with a party's policies, are the policies specified clearly and is there a requirement that the requesting party makes these documents known in advance?	🗆 Yes	□ No
Consider including provisions to safeguard against significant changes to policy that increase the burden of compliance for the party that is required to comply. For example, a right to terminate if there is a material change in policy and/or a requirement to be notified of material changes in policy.		
Variation		
Does the agreement describe a process for how the contract can be varied?	🗆 Yes	□ No
Governing laws		
Does the agreement specify which state or territory (or Commonwealth) laws will govern the contract?	🗆 Yes	🗆 No
If the contract involves parties in more than one state or territory, how will interstate mediation or court proceedings be conducted and who will bear those costs?		
Dispute resolution		
Does the agreement describe a process for disputes to be managed between the parties?	🗆 Yes	🗆 No